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       IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
                 EASTERN DIVISION
SECOND AMENDMENT ARMS
(A D/B/A OF R. JOSEPH FRANZESE)
R. JOSEPH FRANZESE, individually )
and d/b/a SECOND AMENDMENT ARMS, )
ROBERT M. ZIEMAN, SR., ICARRY an )
unincorporated Association (and )
d/b/a of Shaun Kranish) SHAUN
                               ) No. 1:10-CV-4257
KRANISH, individually and d/b/a )
ICARRY, AND TONY KOLE,
             Plaintiffs,
                                 ) Hon. Robert M.
                                  )Dow, Jr.
                                  )U.S. District
                 - vs -
                                 )Court Judge
CITY OF CHICAGO, a municipal
corporation, RAHM EMANUEL, in his)
official capacity as Mayor of the) Hon. Sheila M.
City of Chicago, GARRY McCARTHY, ) Finnegan
Superintendent of Police of the ) U.S. Magistrate
City of Chicago, and SUSANA
                                 ) Judge
MENDOZA, City Clerk of the City
of Chicago,
             Defendants.
           The Discovery Deposition of
               ROMAN S. TAPKOWSKI,
taken in the above-entitled cause, before BERNA
DAVIS, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in the State
of Illinois, taken at City of Chicago, Department
of Law, Suite 1230, 30 North LaSalle Street,
Chicago, Illinois, 60602, on the 30th day of May,
A.D., 2018, commencing at approximately 1:04 p.m.
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firearms?

A No. I was a Chicago police officer for 32 years. You don't do 32 years without being accused of something.

Q So the cases where you were a party you were, like, a defendant?

A Or someone else was. Someone else there I worked with.

MR. TRESNOWSKI: Okay. I'm not sure how long it's been since you were last deposed, so I'll just run over some quick ground rules.

I'll be asking you a series of questions. You're under oath just like you would be at trial. If you don't know the answer to a question that's okay. If you don't understand a question I'm asking, let me know so that I can try to rephrase it to help you understand it.

Try to answer orally to the questions. If you nod or shake your head the court reporter won't be able to note that.

Also, for the court reporter's sake, we should try not to interrupt or talk over each other, to try to take turns speaking.

We can take a break at any time,

Page 10 1 Α That's correct. 2 And then Number 4 on the next page says 3 your name, your address, and says that you may be 4 testifying about your experience with firearms and 5 firearm education and training, experience working 6 with Franzese, and planned involvement with SAA, 7 and knowledge regarding laser sights. 8 correct? 9 Α That's correct. 10 Q So I just want to ask you some 11 questions --12 Α Sure. 13 -- about those subjects. Q 14 Α Sure. 1.5 Can you talk about your experience in Q 16 firearm education and training? 17 How far back do you want to go? А 18 Let's talk about, first of all, how long 19 have you been teaching firearm classes or training 20 classes? Let's take that to the early '70s with 21 А the Illinois National Guard. I was a small arms 22 23 instructor for the 933rd MP Company. 24 Then we get back into training.

Page 11 1 And in probably 2006, when I taught security 2 related courses, including armed security at 3 Truman College. And I was working at that time for -- I'm trying to think of the name of Steve's 4 5 company. It'll come to me. 6 We worked there until 2008, when 7 Truman scrapped the security program, the entire 8 program. So we found ourselves without work. 9 And, at the same time, the College of Lake County 10 reached out to us because they found themselves 11 without an instructor when their guy died. So we 12 just moved lock, stock, and barrel over to the 13 College of Lake County. And that's where I had 14 been teaching until last year. Steve died a few 1.5 years ago. 16 And experience in teaching, all 17 right. Let's -- okay. I was an Illinois --18 19 Q Can I just ask what you're reading from? 20 Α Yeah. That's my telephone, if you want 21 to see that. 22 This is in one of the Okay. 23 manuals. I've written several manuals having to 2.4 do with basic security, armed security, private

Page 12 1 investigation, concealed carry, and what have you. 2 In fact, I even wrote a Chicago Handgun Compliance 3 course. 4 And this is just from, like, the 5 third page in, because I like to let my students 6 know where I'm coming from so that they're not 7 wondering, you know, who the hell is this guy. So I let them know. I was an Illinois law 8 9 enforcement training and standards instructor for 10 Use of Force and IDFPR, you know. Okay. 11 Registered firearm instructor, and my number is on 12 here, 263 triple 0 379. And I wrote the IDFPR 13 firearms course. It's -- okay. That was for 14 private security. 15 And I also wrote the Illinois 16 Concealed Carry course. That one is entitled, 17 Handgun Fundamentals. The number on that one is 18 CCC 13A0638. And I am still a registered -- or, 19 actually, this is a certified instructor with 20 them. And my number is CCT13B, like in boy, 091. 21 Also, I am -- I was a NRA certified law 22 enforcement handgun and shotgun instructor. I 23 took that course in 2008. And I'm currently an 2.4 NRA certified range safety officer, and I'm also a

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Page 13
     range safety officer at the Conservation Club of
 1
 2
     Kenosha County in Wisconsin, Bristole Ranges.
 3
                       So that kind of sums up what I
 4
     did or what have you. And I can give you a copy
 5
     of that if you need it, not today but --
 6
          Q
               That would be great.
 7
               -- somewhere down the road.
          Α
 8
               That would be great.
          Q
 9
               MR. SIGALE:
                           Tell you what, if you
10
     screen shot and you send it to me I can forward it
11
     to them.
12
               THE WITNESS: That's wonderful.
                                                 You
13
     know how to do that?
14
               MR. McNULTY: We can do that later.
1.5
               MR. SIGALE: After the dep we'll screen
16
     shot, and you'll email it over to me and then I'll
17
     get it to you guys.
18
               THE WITNESS:
                             Okay.
19
     BY MR. TRESNOWSKI:
20
               When you say that you wrote a course --
          Q
21
          Α
               Yes.
22
               -- what do you mean by that?
          Q
23
               Okay. And we're looking at which type
24
     of course? We have several courses here. So as
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Page 14 far as basic security --1 2 MR. SIGALE: Well, hold on. Which 3 course are you talking about? 4 MR. TRESNOWSKI: You know what, you 5 mentioned I think two courses that you had written. 6 7 THE WITNESS: We'll start with basic 8 security. I'm sure you're not totally interested 9 in what goes on there. Then there was a private 10 investigation course. These two are the basics, 11 you know, the steppingstones to get to an armed 12 security course. 13 And then the one that you would 14 be interested in is the armed security course, 1.5 which applies to both of the other two. Either 16 side -- either one of those people, if they want to carry a gun while they're working, they have to 17 18 take that course and get certified. And I'm the 19 one that does that. 20 And the requirement to take these Q 21 courses comes from State law? 22 Yeah, under the Private Detective Act. Α 23 It's a elongated thing. It's private detective, 24 private security, locksmith, this, that, and the

Page 17 1 individual classes, but like, you know, a 2 concealed carry --3 Basic security --Α 4 Q -- course --5 Basic security is one? 6 I taught. I've also taught private Α 7 investigation. I have taught armed security, 8 which is a 20-hour course, and then the concealed 9 carry course, which is a 16-hour course. And then 10 I have also taught --11 And there's really no manual for 12 the tactical courses. What I do with a tactical 13 course is, we're going to go out on the range, 14 we're going to see what you know, what you don't 15 know, and we're going to determine where you 16 belong then. And we're going to slowly move up. 17 And by the time I'm through with 18 that, then you should be able to move on to the 19 next phase which is, one of our major guys going out there with (indecipherable). One that was 20 21 involved with GTR and another one -- I can't think 22 of the other names right now. But those are the 23 people that pick up on these people to take them 24 to further training. If they don't have enough

Page 26

was 299.

1.5

Q And for all these classes it's easier to go through the college to attract a large number of students; correct?

A Yes. It was much easier. We could get larger groups, plus we have large classrooms there. The audiovisual system, the firearms training simulator. There's a lot of good things there.

Q Just to complete this, how much would you charge for your tactical courses, tactical training courses?

A Generally those are by the day -- the dates that you're attending. It was put together as a -- about a 22-piece program that people were taught two sections of it per time at the range. So we would go into the range for a two-hour session. And the first hour they're going to be -- well, we run them through certain safety things to make sure that they're competent enough to get out on the range. And then we take them the first hour on one particular issue that we're going to deal with, then we switch up and the next issue in the next hour.

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So we're going to deal with two different things, drawing from a concealed position, what are you going to do in a close-up position such as, you know, touching your target. So that you're this far away from a person (demonstrating) and drawing your firearm and doing -- all different kinds of things; the flashlight drills.

The laser, I didn't incorporate the laser drill there, but if anybody brought a laser we'd certainly work with it. And those went roughly \$60 a session, and one session would be two hours. So it would be \$60, but you're going to be doing that 11 times, you know, so.

Q You could do it 11 times or you could just do one session if that's what you wanted; correct? Or was it normal for someone to sign up --

A You have 22 different things that are happening, you know, that you could learn. And we were going to package together two each so that you're not bored, you're not doing the same thing for two hours. I got them out there doing one thing. We could do a refresher at any time, you

	Page 47
1	he took my private detective course, and he took
2	my armed security course, and I believe he took my
3	concealed carry course.
4	Q How long have you known him?
5	A Well, I started teaching in Truman at
6	in 2008, so it was somewhere after that that I met
7	him or the CLC, not Truman. Truman was 2006.
8	Q And when did Mr. Franzese first talk to
9	you about opening a gun store in Chicago?
10	A I don't know. 2008, 2009, something.
11	He mentioned it when after one of the classes.
12	Q How many conversations have you had with
13	him about his gun store in Chicago?
14	A A handful, less than 10.
15	Q Less than 10.
16	Did he ask you if you wanted to
17	participate in the store?
18	A He asked me if I would teach classes for
19	his entity.
20	Q Do you have any notes from your
21	conversations with him
22	A No.
23	Q regarding the Chicago gun store?
24	A No.

	Page 48
1	Q Did you ever email with him about the
2	gun store in Chicago?
3	A No.
4	Q You told him you were interested in
5	participating in the Chicago store?
6	A Yes, I did.
7	Q Were you planning on working there
8	full-time once the store was up and running?
9	A Well, they had to get the store up and
10	running.
11	Q So you never got into conversations
12	about how many hours a week you would work there;
13	correct?
14	A No. We never got that far.
15	Q And how much did you expect to be paid
16	for your work with the gun store in Chicago?
17	A I didn't really put an expectation on
18	it.
19	Q Would you have started working there
20	without an agreement about how much you would be
21	paid?
22	A Sure.
23	Q Have you ever started working at a job
24	without an agreement about how much you would be

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paid?

2.4

A To tell you the truth, I don't know -Yeah. I did once. In high
school I was working as a busboy for Columbia
Yacht Club. And the manager asked me to come in
and take care of the Yacht Club for him for a
weekend because nobody was going to be there and
the place was going to be closed. And I didn't
make an agreement with him. I should have.

Q Did you have any conversations with Mr. Franzese about which courses would be offered at the store in Chicago?

A No. It's my understanding that the choice of curriculum would be mine of what we were going to put on it.

Q But you didn't?

A Well, I know he wanted to offer concealed carry and he was interested in any of the security related courses. But we couldn't proceed with any of that until he had some kind of authorization to do this, until he had a location.

I'm not going to just, yes, at what we're going to do. Let's take a look and see how it's starting out. And once we had -- we were

Page 50 1 moving in that direction I told him I would be 2 happy to sit down and talk to him at any time. Ι 3 could go on a moment's notice. I have these 4 courses written, I have PowerPoints, I have books. 5 I have everything that's necessary to make this 6 thing run. I can be up and running tomorrow. 7 can be teaching classes tomorrow. So that part 8 didn't bother me as long as he had someplace for 9 me to go and teach. 10 Q Did you ever discuss any specific 11 locations for the store with Mr. Franzese? 12 The only location I tried to steer him 13 into is the Union Stock Yards, because that's 14 about as close to city center as you can get with 1.5 a large amount of land, and plenty of vacant 16 buildings, and plenty of parking. Everything he 17 needed was there. 18 So apart from the general area of the 19 Union Stock Yards, you never discussed any 20 specific addresses --21 Α No. 22 -- or properties with Mr. Franzese? Q 23 Α No. 24 By the end of the first year of the Q

Page 51 1 Chicago gun store's operation, how much revenue 2 would you expect to be taking in as a company from 3 classes on a weekly basis? 4 MR. SIGALE: Object as to foundation and 5 speculation. 6 But to the extent you can 7 answer. 8 THE WITNESS: It would depend on the 9 They were moving much better when 10 concealed carry first started. And some of my 11 classes -- and that's one class -- I would 12 generate \$6,000. So if I'm doing two classes 13 we're talking 12,000 and if there is three classes we're talking 18,000 a week. 14 15 BY MR. TRESNOWSKI: 16 Per week? Q Sure. I wouldn't teach all three, not 17 all of it. I would work with another instructor. 18 19 There are some physical limitations here, you 20 know, like lunch or dinner, and a nap maybe at my 21 age. 22 You were basing that estimate off of Q 23 concealed carry classes? 24 Α Right. That is off of concealed carry

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classes. The security classes would be smaller.

Q And concealed carry did not become authorized in Illinois until 2013; is that correct?

A 2013, right.

1.5

Q So you wouldn't be offering concealed carry class in 2010 or 2011?

A No. 2010 would be probably -- it wouldn't be concealed carry classes, you would probably be dealing with any of the security classes and a basic firearms class. And something like that, it would probably go for 100 or 100 and a quarter for a class like that. Because you're talking about roughly a five-hour class, and you're running pretty much along the lines of the NRA basic pistol class, although I took that class and rewrote it. So I've got it the way that I like it.

Q So I was talking about the first year of operation for the gun store in the city, so we're talking maybe earlier 2010. So let's assume that concealed carry isn't on the books, because it wasn't.

A Right. It wasn't concealed carry in

Page 53 1 those days, but in those days people were taking 2 the basic course. And I remember the numbers 3 being anywhere from 10 people to about 15 or so 4 per class. And so what's that? That's -- you're 5 looking at 1,200 at 10 people, and about \$1,800 6 for 15. 7 \$1,800? 0 8 Α Is my math good here? 9 So you are \$1,800 for 15 people? Q 10 So if you round that down to about 12 Α 11 people, 13 people, you come up with a \$1,500 12 number. 13 Q And you said three classes. So 15 times 14 3, that's 4,500. 15 That could have been. It could have 16 worked that way if you generate enough people. 17 Again, it's like herding cats. You've got people 18 that want it in the evening, you've got people 19 that want it on the weekend. But the weekend people want it with a Friday finishing Sunday, 20 21 while others want it without the Friday finishing 22 on Sunday. So, you know, you try to get enough 23 people together in each class to make that 24 worthwhile.

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That would be nice to do.

1.5

So, you know, once we're good to go, I can be in there and, you know, I can start teaching tomorrow. Let me get in there and get my gear set up, you know. If you don't have a screen, I have one. If you don't have a projector I have one. I have a computer. I have all this stuff. We can operate -- you know, we can get started tomorrow.

Q Before you started you would want to have a conversation about which courses you would be offering; correct?

A Right. I think that the most money would probably be from concealed carry courses.

Concealed carry and armed security --

Armed security, yeah. That one and private investigation, those are the three top money makers.

Q And before you start you would also want to make sure you have the necessary equipment for your classes; correct?

A Sure. It would be nice to have a range, a place to actually shoot, you know. Something that's -- we're not worried about any rounds

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A Because it's just as easy to use your sights. A lot of people don't like sights, they want to do this the easy way. And I don't want them to do it the easy way, do it the right way. This is what you should be doing. Then if you want to go easier with lasers it might be a little bit easier to do. But right now I would like you to hold the sights correctly, do it the right way, you know.

There are tips and tricks that come with this stuff. And, you know, I've got an assortment of them to give these people.

Q So why do people use lasers if it's just as easy to use your sights?

A Because it's neat on TV. Darkness would be another thing. If you're -- you wake up and you're disoriented in your house, or you just come up from a sound sleep, there is something moving around in your house, you go for your gun. You get to your bedroom door and you're seeing something, you can put that laser on something and know you're going to hit them without seeing the sights. You may not even be able to see your sights, you know. How dark is it in your house?

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to a class. And there were two of us teaching that class.

Q And how many classes were being offered per week?

A There was only one per week. That's all that was offered. And there were two of us teaching them, like I said.

Q So if there were more classes, do you think you'd be able to get 15 --

A It's possible --

Q -- per class?

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A -- because there was another instructor going on at that time. At the time we were there he was teaching an NRA course. And I don't know which NRA course he was teaching, but he was teaching in another part of the store.

We had classrooms on one end, there were classrooms on the other end. So they had different things going on on different days.

Q So would it be reasonable to project that there would be 45 students signed up for classes -- signed up four classes per week at this store you would open in Chicago?

A I would think that it would be somewhere

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between 30 and 45.

1.5

Q Somewhere between 30 and 45.

A That that would be reasonable. You're dealing with a whole week here.

Q Yeah. So for a month, then, we're talking about 120 to 180 individual students signing up per month for classes?

A That's possible.

Q Does that seem likely, like a likely number?

A I don't know. It depends. You know, we're talking a multiyear thing here. Back between 2010, around that time, we would be dealing with a five-hour class with range time. And then at 2013 when concealed carry kicked in, you would have the same number, that 15. But that 15 could easily stretch up to 20 or 25 people for a concealed carry class, because the demand was that high at that time. And that slowly waned, but it took over a year for that to come down.

And I remember when I first started doing this, and in my classes I had -- it

was an effort to keep my classes under 20 people. I didn't want more than 20 people. I didn't want

Page 87 PPA on the calendar. That's them. 1 2 And what was the time frame I'm sorry. Q 3 when you were there? 4 А I don't know, just before concealed 5 carry started. So I was with him probably for two 6 or three years before that, two and a half years 7 maybe. 8 Prior to? Q 9 Α Prior to concealed carry. 10 Concealed carry? Q 11 I saw things I didn't like and I wanted А 12 to step away from there before concealed carry 13 started. 14 If Mr. Franzese opened up his gun store 1.5 in Chicago today, would you still be interested in 16 participating? 17 Yes. А 18 You haven't had recent conversations 19 about the --20 No. No. The last conversation I had Α 21 with Joe was I'm telling him, when you get things 22 to the point that you're ready to start let me 23 know.

MR. TRESNOWSKI: I think I just have one

24

Page 90 unfamiliar with the industry. 1 2 So you're not authorized to teach this 3 so-called 40-hour --4 А Yes, I am. 5 -- State cert --0 6 Oh, you are? 7 In fact, mine is probably one of Α Yes. the only 40-hour State, if not the only 40-hour 8 9 State course, to be certified because they made me 10 do it that way. Where everybody else could submit 11 a 20 and get approved, they wouldn't let me do 12 that. They made me submit a 40. So they approved 13 the 40.That's what I have. 14 I see. It says here the LEO training 15 will be offered. I take that to mean law 16 enforcement --17 Law enforcement --А 18 -- officer training? 0 19 Α Yes. 20 Is that something that you provide? Q 21 Α I was a -- an NRA law enforcement 22 firearms training officer in shotgun and handgun. 23 In shotgun and handgun? Q 24 Α Right.

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Permit?

A I remember that we needed a Chicago firearms something training. I remember that.

And I remember something about the permit allowing you to have one gun in the house.

Q Okay. So --

A I remember something like that.

Q -- I want you to assume, for purposes of this question, that prior to the Supreme Court's decision in McDonald versus City of Chicago, that people were not allowed to have handguns in their home with very limited exception. Okay?

A Okay.

Q I want you to further assume, for purposes of my question, that following the Supreme Court's decision in 2010 in McDonald versus City of Chicago that the city rewrote their handgun ordinance to allow people to have handguns in their home. Okay?

A Right.

Q I want you to further assume, for purposes of my question, that the City of Chicago conditioned such home handgun possession on the acquisition of something called a Chicago Firearms

Page 98 1 Permit, which required the permit holder to have 2 firearms training which included both classroom 3 and range training. 4 Does anything --5 Those assumptions, does any of 6 that ring a bell? Does that sound familiar to 7 you? Yeah. You're talking about Chicago 8 9 Handgun Compliance Training --10 MR. TRESNOWSKI: Object to the form. 11 MR. SIGALE: Okay. You can still answer 12 it if you understand my question. 13 BY MR. SIGALE: 14 Did any of those statements that I just 15 made to you, do they sound familiar to you? 16 you know those things? 17 Yes, I did. Chicago Handgun Compliance 18 Training, I wrote a manual for that and we 19 worked -- Steve and I were teaching that. 20 So is it fair to say that the number of 21 Chicago residents who were taking this firearms 22 training say went up dramatically from the number 23 0 in 2010 after the Supreme Court decision and 24 after the Chicago Firearms Permit became

Page 99

mandatory?

1.5

Chicago people taking firearms training increased at that time. Because the training that we were offering, Steve and myself, was not just in Chicago. We were working with -- also with the College of Lake County. And people from Chicago specifically requested, hey, can we get this? And we told them, absolutely, you know. What we are offering falls into this. If you look at the two trainings they're virtually identical. And if you want the compliance certificate we can give you one, but you gotta tell us you're from Chicago and you need this. And that amount went up.

Q So is it fair to say that the supreme Court decision in 2010, coupled with the Chicago Firearms Permit Ordinance shortly thereafter, created an entirely new market of Chicago residents who needed firearms training?

A I would say yes.

Q And given all the testimony, is it fair to say that had Second Amendment Arms been allowed to open in the City of Chicago during that time, that that training for this brand new market is

Page 100 1 something that you would have been willing to 2 provide through Second Amendment Arms? 3 Α Yes. 4 0 And is it fair to say that you 5 individually or you through some other instructors 6 that you had mentioned earlier or that you would 7 have supervised or coordinated with, Second 8 Amendment Arms would have been willing to 9 accommodate as many Chicago residents as Second 10 Amendment Arms could handle --11 А Yes. 12 -- to teach this class and get the 13 training and certification for a Chicago Firearms Permit? 14 1.5 Α Yes. 16 Is there currently a going rate for CCL 17 instructors? 18 I know what the class costs. 19 But if you -- someone just asked you, hey, can you 20 come teach my class, I'll pay you X dollars per 21 hour, is there a going rate for what X is? 22 I don't know if there is an hourly rate. Α 23 In general it's done per class. But I understand 24 where you can have some issues with that with a

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Q Okay. So, in other words, if Second

Amendment Arms opened and you were running the

training and had to bring in extra instructors,

presumably Second Amendment Arms would be able to

figure out a rate with them; right?

A Yes.

1.5

Q Okay. The last thing I wanted to ask you about was laser sights. Counsel asked you a lot of questions about, you know, this hypothetical, this going wrong and that going wrong and that going wrong and that going wrong. But it's also perfectly reasonable that when -- that someone might feel more comfortable shooting if they had a laser sight; correct?

A Yes. I believe that.

Q And it's also reasonable that there are scenarios where the battery works as intended, and in a home intrusion scenario that laser sight might be the extra edge to save the homeowner's life?

A That's possible. Yes.

Q And especially if someone has training from someone like yourself and that training kicks in at the right time; right?

Page 103 1 Α Correct. 2 And it's also reasonable that the home 3 intruder sees a laser dot on their chest and gets 4 the heck out of there? 5 Α That's possible. Yes. 6 Q Thus sparing the homeowner from having 7 to shoot the firearm at all? 8 Yeah. That would be what would happen. 9 And if the person, say in the home, is 10 the only person in the situation with a firearm 11 with a laser, then what you were talking about, 12 well, whose dot is whose, doesn't apply at all; 13 right? 14 That's right. There would be no 15 confusion at that point if there is one laser 16 light. 17 Okay. And even if you would prefer that Q 18 they -- strike that. 19 Even if you prefer using regular 20 sights yourself and not a laser, even if someone 21 else might prefer the added feature of a laser 22 sight, and the -- somehow in a scenario where 23 there's lots of people, I guess, with lots of 24 laser dots all aimed at the same general chest,

Page 105 though? He survived three to the head with a 22. 1 2 So, I mean, three bigger calibers. I mean, just 3 like with the laser sight, I would lean towards 4 the training that I've had rather than rely on a 5 mechanical object. Can we call it a mechanical thing? 6 7 But someone who feels -- has it 8 calibrated and the batteries working and feels 9 more comfortable in that situ -- feels more 10 comfortable having it in such a situation, you 11 don't see -- do you see any reason why that person 12 should be banned from having that tool in the 13 event that they might really need it? 14 No. It's a personal preference the way 1.5 I'm seeing it. 16 MR. SIGALE: I don't have anything else. MR. TRESNOWSKI: I just have a few more. 17 I don't know what time we're at. 18 19 MR. SIGALE: Three minutes. MR. TRESNOWSKI: Well, feel free to 20 21 interrupt when you need to. 22 MR. SIGALE: If we need to take a break for a few minutes then we'll take a break and 23 24 we'll come back and...